

PRODUCT INFORMATION

TEXTILE ROPE**Fibre rope lifting slings**

Lifting slings

from natural and synthetic fibre ropes

Nominal Rope Diameter (~ mm Ø)	Material					
	Hemp	Manila	Polyamide	Polyester	Polyprop Standard and Multifil	Polyprop Staple Fibre
	Working Load Limit (WLL) Single Leg Straight Lift					
	t	t	t	t	t	t
16	0,21	0,25	0,56	0,52	0,48	0,24
18	0,30	0,32	0,85	0,65	0,60	0,33
20	0,32	0,40	0,85	0,80	0,71	0,38
22	0,43	0,47	1,3	1,0	1,0	0,50
24	0,45	0,56	1,3	1,2	1,1	0,55
26	0,60	0,68	1,8	1,4	1,2	0,60
28	0,63	0,78	1,7	1,5	1,3	0,65
32	0,80	1,0	2,1	2,0	1,7	0,85
36	1,1	1,3	2,7	2,5	2,1	1,1
40	1,3	1,5	3,6	3,0	2,5	1,3



1t = 1000kg (t = metric ton).
 Length of a lifting sling is the usable length when ready for service. It is measured between the bearing points of sling ends/terminations.

The tilt angle β is the largest angle between legs and vertical line. To determine working load limit of sling operation: Multiply applicable mode factor (see table <Lift methods> below) with the WLL value (single leg direct) from the above table. Adapt the mode factors as appropriate for asymmetrical loads.

Lift Methods

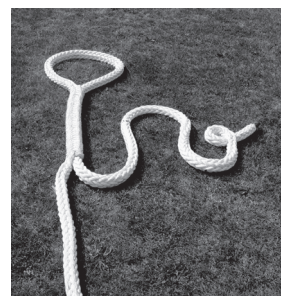
Single Leg		Double Leg				Endless		
straight	choke	straight	choke	straight	choke	choke	double straight	double basket
		$\beta = 0-45^\circ$	$\beta = 0-45^\circ$	$\beta = 45-60^\circ$	$\beta = 45-60^\circ$			

Mode Factors:

1	0,8	1,4	1,12	1	0,8	1,6	2 x 2	2 x 4
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Rules and standards...

Even if not specifically indicated:
 Compliance with standards (ISO, EN, DIN) and rules; state of the art technical product properties.



For really heavy loads ...

... strong as steel, low elongation, light and ergonomic

